

# The Conference Board Total Economy Database: Summary Statistics, 1995–2010

January 2010

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*Source:* The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

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Table 1

## Growth in GDP, Employment, and GDP per Person Employed by Major Region, 2008-2010

	2008			2009 (estimate)			2010 (projection)		
	GDP	Employment	GDP per person employed	GDP	Employment	GDP per person employed	GDP	Employment	GDP per person employed
United States	0.4	-0.4	0.9	-2.5	-3.6	1.0	2.3	-0.7	3.0
EU-15 (old)	0.5	0.7	-0.3	-4.2	-1.9	-2.3	0.9	-1.1	2.0
Japan	-0.7	-0.1	-0.6	-5.6	-3.0	-2.5	1.5	-1.2	2.7
Other Advanced*	1.4	1.6	-0.2	-2.4	-0.1	-2.3	2.3	1.1	1.2
<b>Advanced Countries</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-3.5</b>	<b>-2.3</b>	<b>-1.2</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>-0.6</b>	<b>2.3</b>
China	9.2	0.6	8.6	7.7	-0.5	8.2	8.2	0.5	7.7
India	6.5	2.4	4.0	5.8	2.0	3.9	6.8	2.0	4.8
Other developing Asia	5.0	2.9	2.1	2.9	3.0	0.0	6.3	3.0	3.3
Latin America	4.3	2.0	2.3	-0.5	-0.2	-0.4	2.5	0.2	2.2
Middle East	4.5	3.4	1.1	2.9	3.4	-0.5	3.6	3.4	0.2
Africa	5.6	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.8	0.1	4.0	2.8	1.2
Central & Eastern Europe	2.9	1.9	1.0	-3.6	-1.8	-1.8	2.0	-0.2	2.1
Russia and other CIS**	5.2	0.8	4.4	-3.7	0.4	-4.1	2.0	0.4	1.6
<b>Emerging Market and Developing Countries</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>4.3</b>	<b>2.9</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>5.2</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>3.7</b>
<b>World</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>-1.0</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>
<b>Addenda:</b>									
EU-12 (new)	3.8	1.9	2.0	-3.2	-2.5	-0.8	1.1	-0.8	1.9
EU-27	0.9	0.9	-0.1	-4.1	-2.0	-2.0	0.9	-1.1	2.0
Euro Area	0.6	0.7	-0.2	-4.1	-1.9	-2.2	0.8	-1.2	2.0
OECD	0.7	1.0	-0.4	-3.8	-1.8	-2.0	1.5	-0.6	2.0

Note: This table is based on estimates for 111 countries (see table 9).

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable. For example, China's GDP growth rate in 2009 changed from 8.0 percent, when calculated in percentage terms, to 7.7 percent when using log differences.

\*Other advanced includes Canada; Switzerland; Norway; Israel; Iceland; Cyprus; Korea; Australia; Taiwan, Province of China; Hong Kong; Singapore; and New Zealand.

\*\*CIS: Commonwealth of Independent States

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database (January 2010), OECD, IMF, World Bank

Table 2

### Contribution to Growth in GDP, Employment, and GDP per Person Employed by Major Region, 2008-2010

	2008			2009 (estimate)			2010 (projection)		
	GDP	Employment	GDP per person employed	GDP	Employment	GDP per person employed	GDP	Employment	GDP per person employed
United States	0.1	0.0	0.2	-0.5	-0.2	0.2	0.4	0.0	0.6
EU-15 (old)	0.1	0.0	-0.1	-0.8	-0.1	-0.4	0.2	-0.1	0.4
Japan	0.0	0.0	0.0	-0.3	-0.1	-0.2	0.1	0.0	0.2
Other Advanced*	0.1	0.0	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.2	0.0	0.1
<b>Advanced Countries</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>-1.8</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-0.6</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>
China	1.3	0.2	1.2	1.1	-0.1	1.2	1.3	0.1	1.2
India	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2
Other developing Asia	0.2	0.4	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.0	0.3	0.4	0.2
Latin America	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.0	0.2
Middle East	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0
Africa	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.3	0.0	0.1	0.3	0.0
Central & Eastern Europe	0.1	0.1	0.0	-0.2	0.0	-0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
Russia and other CIS**	0.2	0.0	0.2	-0.2	0.0	-0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1
<b>Emerging Market and Developing Countries</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>1.3</b>	<b>2.0</b>
Reallocation effect***			-0.6			-1.5			-0.9
<b>World</b>	<b>3.0</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>-1.0</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>2.2</b>

Note: This table is based on estimates for 111 countries (see table 9).

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

\*Other Advanced includes Canada; Switzerland; Norway; Israel; Iceland; Cyprus; Korea; Australia; Taiwan, Province of China; Hong Kong; Singapore; and New Zealand.

\*\*CIS: Commonwealth of Independent States

\*\*\*Reallocation effect reflects the impact on the world productivity growth because of the larger share of the countries with low labor productivity levels.

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database (January 2010), OECD, IMF, World Bank

Table 3

### Growth of Labor Productivity, Real GDP, and Total Hours Worked by Region for Advanced Countries, 1995-2010

	<i>United States</i>	<i>Japan</i>	<i>Euro Area</i>	<i>United Kingdom</i>
<i>Labor Productivity Growth (GDP per hour, annual average, percent)</i>				
1995-2005	2.4	2.1	1.4	2.2
2005-2009	1.5	0.8	0.5	0.9
2007	1.4	1.8	1.1	2.3
2008	1.4	0.1	0.1	1.0
2009 (estimate)	2.5	0.3	-1.0	-1.9
2010 (projection)	3.0	2.7	2.0	1.7
<i>Real GDP Growth (annual average, percent)</i>				
1995-2005	3.3	1.1	2.2	2.9
2005-2009	0.7	-0.5	0.6	0.4
2007	2.1	2.4	2.7	3.0
2008	0.4	-0.7	0.6	0.5
2009 (estimate)	-2.5	-5.6	-4.1	-4.8
2010 (projection)	2.3	1.5	0.8	1.1
<i>Growth in Total Hours Worked (annual average, percent)</i>				
1995-2005	0.9	-1.0	0.8	0.7
2005-2009	-0.9	-1.3	0.1	-0.5
2007	0.7	0.5	1.6	0.7
2008	-0.9	-0.8	0.4	-0.5
2009 (estimate)	-5.1	-5.9	-3.1	-2.8
2010 (projection)	-0.7	-1.2	-1.1	-0.6

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 4

### Growth of Labor Productivity, Real GDP, and Persons Employed for Major Emerging Economies, 1995-2010

	<i>Major Emerging Economies</i>	<i>Brazil</i>	<i>Russia</i>	<i>India</i>	<i>China</i>	<i>Mexico</i>	<i>Indonesia</i>	<i>Turkey</i>
<i>Labor Productivity Growth (GDP per persons, annual average, percent)</i>								
1995-2005	4.1	0.3	3.7	4.2	6.7	1.4	1.5	3.6
2005-2009	5.9	2.6	3.7	5.2	9.6	0.5	2.1	1.0
2007	7.6	3.5	7.0	6.2	11.5	1.6	3.6	3.1
2008	5.3	4.0	4.7	4.0	8.6	-0.9	1.0	-1.2
2009 (estimate)	3.6	1.5	-3.8	3.9	8.2	-0.3	-0.3	-3.2
2010 (projection)	5.1	4.3	1.8	4.8	7.7	2.1	2.4	3.1
<i>Real GDP Growth (annual average, percent)</i>								
1995-2005	5.5	2.4	3.8	6.3	7.8	3.6	3.1	4.2
2005-2009	7.1	3.8	4.2	7.6	10.0	2.0	5.5	1.9
2007	9.1	5.5	7.8	8.6	12.2	3.2	6.1	4.6
2008	6.8	5.7	5.4	6.5	9.2	1.4	5.9	0.9
2009 (estimate)	4.1	0.0	-3.8	5.8	7.7	-1.5	4.7	-4.5
2010 (projection)	6.2	2.8	1.8	6.8	8.2	2.7	7.4	3.9
<i>Growth in Persons Employed (annual average, percent)</i>								
1995-2005	1.4	2.0	0.1	2.0	1.1	2.2	1.6	0.7
2005-2009	1.3	1.2	0.5	2.3	0.4	1.5	3.4	0.9
2007	1.5	2.0	0.8	2.4	0.8	1.7	2.5	1.5
2008	1.6	1.7	0.8	2.4	0.6	2.2	5.0	2.1
2009 (estimate)	0.5	-1.5	0.0	2.0	-0.5	-1.2	5.0	-1.3
2010 (projection)	1.1	-1.5	0.0	2.0	0.5	0.5	5.0	0.7

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable. For example, China's GDP growth rate in 2009 changed from 8.0 percent, when calculated in percentage terms, to 7.7 percent when using log differences.

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 5

**Labor Productivity Growth (GDP Per Hour, Annual Average, Percent), 1995-2010**

	1995- 2005	2005- 2009	2007	2008	2009 (estimate)	2010 (projection)
<b>United States</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>3.0</b>
<b>European Union (EU-15, old)(a)</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>2.0</b>
Austria	1.5	0.8	2.2	0.2	-1.6	0.9
Belgium	1.4	0.0	1.5	-1.3	-1.6	1.8
Denmark	1.1	-1.1	-1.9	-2.7	-0.6	3.1
Finland	2.4	0.6	2.1	-0.5	-2.6	3.1
France	1.8	0.8	-0.2	0.4	0.3	1.8
Germany	1.6	0.2	0.7	-0.3	-2.2	2.8
Greece	3.5	1.5	4.5	1.8	0.0	0.6
Ireland	4.0	0.9	2.5	-1.5	1.2	3.0
Italy	0.5	-0.8	0.1	-0.5	-3.2	1.5
Luxembourg	2.1	-1.2	1.4	-4.3	-4.3	2.5
Netherlands	1.7	0.0	1.6	0.8	-3.7	2.3
Portugal	1.2	0.8	3.6	-1.5	-0.3	0.6
Spain	0.5	2.0	1.6	1.5	3.8	1.8
Sweden	2.6	-0.2	-0.6	-1.9	-1.0	2.7
United Kingdom	2.2	0.9	2.3	1.0	-1.9	1.7
<b>European Union (EU-12, new)(b)</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>1.9</b>
Bulgaria	2.5	1.6	2.7	3.0	-2.3	-0.1
Cyprus	1.5	1.1	2.1	1.3	-0.5	0.1
Czech Republic	3.1	1.9	4.0	0.6	-1.6	2.6
Estonia	7.2	1.8	6.3	-2.3	-1.4	2.5
Hungary	2.8	1.2	1.3	1.9	-2.0	0.1
Latvia	6.4	2.8	7.9	-2.7	-2.0	0.0
Lithuania	5.3	1.9	5.5	1.6	-6.1	-3.1
Malta	1.5	0.3	-0.4	-0.8	-1.6	0.1
Poland	5.0	2.7	2.7	1.4	1.8	3.6
Romania	3.7	3.7	5.3	6.1	-2.7	-0.1
Slovakia	4.8	3.5	7.2	3.7	-2.4	2.6
Slovenia	4.1	1.6	3.6	0.7	-3.1	3.7
<b>European Union (EU-27, enlarged)(c)</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-1.1</b>	<b>1.9</b>
<b>Japan</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>2.7</b>
<b>Other</b>						
Australia	2.2	1.2	0.8	0.1	2.6	0.5
Canada	1.5	0.1	0.4	-0.7	-0.2	1.1
Iceland	3.4	-2.3	0.3	0.4	-8.9	4.2
Mexico	1.1	0.5	1.9	-2.0	-0.3	2.1
New Zealand	1.0	0.4	2.9	-2.5	0.5	2.5
Norway	2.3	-1.0	-1.3	-1.2	-0.5	0.1
South Korea	4.4	2.8	5.5	4.2	-2.6	2.6
Switzerland	1.3	0.2	1.6	-0.9	-2.1	0.9
Taiwan	4.1	0.8	4.0	-0.5	-4.0	1.3
Turkey	4.3	1.0	3.1	-1.2	-3.2	3.1

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

(a) referring to membership of the European Union before 2004

(b) referring to new membership of the European Union since 2004

(c) referring to all current members of the European Union

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 6

**Real GDP Growth (Annual Average, Percent), 1995-2010**

	1995- 2005	2005- 2009	2007	2008	2009 (estimate)	2010 (projection)
<b>United States</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>-2.5</b>	<b>2.3</b>
<b>European Union (EU-15, old)(a)</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>2.7</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>-4.2</b>	<b>0.9</b>
Austria	2.3	1.1	3.5	1.9	-4.5	1.0
Belgium	2.2	0.9	2.9	0.8	-2.9	0.8
Denmark	2.0	-0.2	1.7	-1.2	-4.5	1.1
Finland	3.6	0.7	4.1	0.8	-6.9	0.7
France	2.2	0.6	2.2	0.3	-2.3	1.1
Germany	1.3	0.4	2.4	1.0	-5.0	1.3
Greece	3.7	2.4	4.4	2.0	-1.1	-0.2
Ireland	7.3	0.0	5.7	-3.1	-7.6	-0.5
Italy	1.4	-0.6	1.4	-1.1	-4.9	0.9
Luxembourg	4.7	2.0	6.3	0.0	-3.6	1.1
Netherlands	2.6	1.1	3.5	2.0	-4.5	1.0
Portugal	2.4	0.1	1.9	0.0	-2.8	0.2
Spain	3.6	1.2	3.5	0.9	-3.7	-0.3
Sweden	2.9	0.4	2.5	-0.4	-4.6	1.5
United Kingdom	2.9	0.4	3.0	0.5	-4.8	1.1
<b>European Union (EU-12, new)(b)</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>6.1</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>-3.2</b>	<b>1.1</b>
Bulgaria	2.2	3.4	6.0	5.8	-4.5	-1.5
Cyprus	3.4	2.9	5.0	3.6	-0.8	0.1
Czech Republic	2.6	2.8	6.0	2.5	-3.7	1.2
Estonia	7.1	0.5	7.0	-3.6	-10.9	-0.1
Hungary	4.0	0.1	1.0	0.6	-5.0	-0.7
Latvia	6.5	0.4	9.5	-4.7	-14.6	-5.7
Lithuania	5.9	1.2	9.4	2.7	-14.7	-5.6
Malta	2.0	1.8	3.7	2.1	-2.2	0.7
Poland	4.2	4.6	6.6	4.8	0.9	2.5
Romania	2.2	3.4	6.1	6.1	-6.2	0.7
Slovakia	4.1	4.8	9.5	6.0	-4.5	2.6
Slovenia	3.9	2.5	6.6	3.4	-5.8	1.8
<b>European Union (EU-27, enlarged)(c)</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>-4.1</b>	<b>0.9</b>
<b>Japan</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>-0.7</b>	<b>-5.6</b>	<b>1.5</b>
<b>Other</b>						
Australia	3.6	2.4	3.6	2.2	0.6	2.2
Canada	3.3	0.6	2.5	0.4	-3.2	1.5
Iceland	4.5	-0.3	5.4	1.3	-12.2	1.8
Mexico	3.6	2.0	3.2	1.4	-1.5	2.7
New Zealand	3.2	0.7	3.0	-1.1	-0.8	1.4
Norway	2.9	1.4	3.1	2.1	-1.7	0.6
South Korea	4.3	2.3	5.0	2.2	-2.9	3.4
Switzerland	1.7	1.5	3.5	1.7	-2.8	0.6
Taiwan	4.4	1.8	5.5	0.1	-2.9	2.3
Turkey	4.2	1.9	4.6	0.9	-4.5	3.9

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

(a) referring to membership of the European Union before 2004

(b) referring to new membership of the European Union since 2004

(c) referring to all current members of the European Union

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 7

**Total Hours Growth (Annual Average, Percent), 1995-2010**

	1995- 2005	2005- 2009	2007	2008	2009 (estimate)	2010 (projection)
<b>United States</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>-0.9</b>	<b>-5.1</b>	<b>-0.7</b>
<b>European Union (EU-15, old)(a)</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>1.5</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-3.1</b>	<b>-1.1</b>
Austria	0.8	0.2	1.3	1.7	-2.9	0.1
Belgium	0.8	0.9	1.4	2.1	-1.3	-1.0
Denmark	0.9	0.9	3.6	1.5	-3.8	-2.1
Finland	1.2	0.1	2.0	1.3	-4.3	-2.4
France	0.4	-0.2	2.4	-0.1	-2.6	-0.7
Germany	-0.3	0.1	1.8	1.3	-2.8	-1.5
Greece	0.2	1.0	-0.2	0.1	-1.1	-0.8
Ireland	3.2	-0.8	3.2	-1.6	-8.8	-3.5
Italy	0.9	0.2	1.3	-0.5	-1.7	-0.6
Luxembourg	2.6	3.3	4.8	4.4	0.7	-1.4
Netherlands	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.2	-0.8	-1.3
Portugal	1.3	-0.7	-1.7	1.5	-2.4	-0.4
Spain	3.1	-0.8	1.9	-0.6	-7.5	-2.1
Sweden	0.3	0.6	3.1	1.5	-3.5	-1.2
United Kingdom	0.7	-0.5	0.7	-0.5	-2.8	-0.6
<b>European Union (EU-12, new)(b)</b>	<b>-0.6</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>2.3</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>-2.7</b>	<b>-0.8</b>
Bulgaria	-0.4	1.7	3.2	2.9	-2.3	-1.4
Cyprus	2.0	1.9	2.9	2.3	-0.3	0.0
Czech Republic	-0.6	0.9	2.0	1.9	-2.0	-1.4
Estonia	-0.2	-1.3	0.6	-1.4	-9.5	-2.6
Hungary	1.2	-1.1	-0.4	-1.2	-3.0	-0.8
Latvia	0.2	-2.4	1.6	-1.9	-12.6	-5.7
Lithuania	0.6	-0.7	3.8	1.1	-8.6	-2.5
Malta	0.4	1.6	4.1	2.9	-0.6	0.6
Poland	-0.8	1.9	3.9	3.4	-0.9	-1.1
Romania	-1.6	-0.3	0.8	-0.1	-3.6	0.8
Slovakia	-0.7	1.3	2.3	2.3	-2.1	0.0
Slovenia	-0.2	0.9	3.0	2.7	-2.7	-2.0
<b>European Union (EU-27, enlarged)(c)</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>-3.0</b>	<b>-1.0</b>
<b>Japan</b>	<b>-1.0</b>	<b>-1.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>-0.8</b>	<b>-5.9</b>	<b>-1.2</b>
<b>Other</b>						
Australia	1.4	1.2	2.8	2.1	-2.0	1.7
Canada	1.7	0.5	2.1	1.1	-3.0	0.4
Iceland	1.1	2.0	5.1	0.9	-3.3	-2.3
Mexico	2.5	1.5	1.4	3.4	-1.2	0.5
New Zealand	2.3	0.3	0.1	1.4	-1.3	-1.1
Norway	0.6	2.4	4.3	3.3	-1.2	0.5
South Korea	0.0	-0.5	-0.5	-2.0	-0.3	0.8
Switzerland	0.4	1.3	1.9	2.6	-0.7	-0.3
Taiwan	0.3	1.1	1.6	0.6	1.1	1.1
Turkey	-0.1	0.9	1.5	2.1	-1.3	0.7

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

(a) referring to membership of the European Union before 2004

(b) referring to new membership of the European Union since 2004

(c) referring to all current members of the European Union

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 8

### Labor Productivity and Per Capita Income Levels and the Effects of Working Hours and Labor Utilization, 2009 (Estimate)

	Labor productivity per hour			Effect of working hours (4)	Labor productivity per person as % of U.S. (5)=(2)+(4)	Effect of employment/population ratio (6)	Average per capita income		
	GDP/hour (US\$) (1)	as % of U.S. (2)	Rank (3)				GDP/capita (US\$) (7)	as % of U.S. (8)=(5)+(6)	Rank (9)
Luxembourg	76.9	134.4%	1	-14.9%	119.5%	66.3%	85,467	185.8%	1
Norway	76.8	134.2	2	-24.0	110.3	21.4	60,564	131.6	2
Belgium	58.5	102.2	3	-11.2	91.0	-7.2	38,554	83.8	11
Netherlands	58.2	101.8	4	-21.2	80.6	10.2	41,768	90.8	7
United States	57.2	100.0	5	0.0	100.0	0.0	46,008	100.0	3
France	56.0	97.9	6	-11.8	86.0	-12.6	33,791	73.4	19
Germany	53.4	93.3	7	-18.8	74.5	4.1	36,163	78.6	16
Ireland	53.2	92.9	8	5.4	98.3	-0.3	45,106	98.0	4
Austria	50.8	88.8	9	-4.3	84.5	6.0	41,620	90.5	8
Sweden	50.0	87.4	10	-6.9	80.5	5.3	39,486	85.8	10
Australia	49.6	86.8	11	-2.3	84.5	8.4	42,734	92.9	6
United Kingdom	48.5	84.8	12	-5.0	79.8	1.5	37,391	81.3	14
Denmark	47.2	82.6	13	-8.2	74.3	9.0	38,332	83.3	12
Canada	46.9	81.9	14	-1.8	80.2	7.6	40,356	87.7	9
Finland	46.8	81.8	15	-2.9	78.9	1.2	36,879	80.2	15
Spain	45.3	79.2	16	-5.3	73.8	1.7	34,769	75.6	17
Switzerland	45.1	78.9	17	-3.6	75.2	20.1	43,857	95.3	5
New Zealand	43.2	75.5	18	-2.2	73.3	-8.4	29,876	64.9	24
Italy	40.7	71.2	19	2.0	73.2	-5.0	31,353	68.1	22
Japan	40.3	70.5	20	-0.8	69.7	4.6	34,167	74.3	18
Iceland	37.3	65.2	21	1.7	66.9	15.7	38,014	82.6	13
Greece	35.1	61.4	22	13.0	74.5	-4.4	32,242	70.1	21
Taiwan	33.5	58.6	23	13.9	72.6	-0.2	33,270	72.3	20
Cyprus	33.3	58.3	24	3.7	61.9	-8.6	24,520	53.3	27
Slovak Republic	32.2	56.3	25	0.9	57.2	-7.5	22,851	49.7	28
Slovenia	31.9	55.7	26	6.8	62.5	2.5	29,905	65.0	23
Malta	30.0	52.4	27	4.7	57.2	-7.6	22,797	49.6	29
Poland	28.3	49.5	28	-1.1	48.4	-5.8	19,588	42.6	33
Czech Republic	27.1	47.4	29	6.0	53.4	5.3	26,999	58.7	26
South Korea	26.0	45.5	30	13.5	59.0	2.8	28,433	61.8	25
Hungary	25.3	44.3	31	6.3	50.5	-6.3	20,372	44.3	32
Portugal	25.2	44.1	32	3.6	47.7	0.8	22,329	48.5	30
Estonia	23.2	40.5	33	5.2	45.7	-1.1	20,523	44.6	31
Lithuania	22.8	39.9	34	3.8	43.7	-6.5	17,088	37.1	34
Turkey	20.9	36.6	35	3.7	40.3	-13.7	12,212	26.5	39
Latvia	19.5	34.0	36	2.6	36.6	-1.5	16,129	35.1	35
Mexico	17.6	30.8	37	8.1	38.9	-6.1	15,130	32.9	36
Romania	16.3	28.4	38	2.0	30.5	-3.5	12,423	27.0	38
Bulgaria	15.3	26.7	39	-1.4	25.3	3.3	13,178	28.6	37
EU-12 (new)(b)	24.2	42.3		1.7	44.0	-3.3	18,698	41	
EU-15 (present)(a)	48.5	84.7		-7.3	77.5	-0.7	35,305	77	
EU-27 (enlarged)(c)	43.1	75.3		-4.6	70.8	-1.7	31,796	69	
Euro Area	48.0	83.8		-7.3	76.5	-1.7	34,444	75	

(a) referring to membership of the European Union before 2004

(b) referring to new membership of the European Union since 2004

(c) referring to all current members of the European Union

Note: Gross domestic product levels are expressed in 2009 US\$, converted by Purchasing Power Parities.

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 9

**Growth and Level of Labor Productivity (GDP per Person Employed), 1995-2009**  
**(Annual Average Growth, 1995-2009, and Level as Percent of U.S. in 2009)**

	<i>Annual average growth</i>					<i>GDP per person employed, % of U.S., 2009</i>
	<i>1995-2005</i>	<i>2005-2009</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009 (estimate)</i>	
<b>World</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>3.4</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>-1.0</b>	<b>25.8%</b>
<b>Northern and Western Europe</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-2.9</b>	<b>80.6%</b>
Austria	1.5	0.2	1.7	0.1	-3.0	84.5%
Belgium	1.2	-0.1	1.3	-1.0	-2.1	91.0
Denmark	1.5	-0.9	-1.0	-2.0	-1.8	74.3
Finland	2.0	0.1	2.0	-0.8	-4.0	78.9
France	1.2	0.3	0.9	-0.2	-0.5	86.0
Germany	1.0	-0.5	0.8	-0.4	-4.9	74.5
Iceland	3.2	-2.4	1.4	0.2	-9.9	66.9
Ireland	3.0	0.3	2.2	-2.3	0.5	98.3
Luxembourg	1.2	-1.4	2.0	-4.7	-4.7	119.5
Netherlands	1.2	-0.2	1.0	0.5	-4.0	80.6
Norway	1.9	-0.8	-0.9	-1.0	0.1	110.3
Sweden	2.4	-0.2	0.4	-1.3	-2.3	80.5
Switzerland	1.1	0.0	1.7	-0.9	-2.0	75.2
United Kingdom	1.8	0.3	2.4	-0.2	-2.8	79.8
<b>Southern Europe</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>-0.4</b>	<b>-1.4</b>	<b>61.8%</b>
Cyprus	1.3	1.1	1.8	1.0	-0.5	61.9%
Greece	2.8	1.8	3.0	1.9	-0.2	74.5
Italy	0.3	-1.2	0.2	-1.4	-3.8	73.2
Malta	1.1	0.4	0.5	0.2	-1.6	57.2
Portugal	1.3	0.5	1.9	-0.5	-0.4	47.7
Spain	0.1	1.3	0.5	1.5	3.2	73.8
Turkey	3.6	1.0	3.1	-1.2	-3.2	40.3

Table 9 (continued)

**Growth and Level of Labor Productivity (GDP per Person Employed), 1995-2009**  
**(Annual Average Growth, 1995-2009, and Level as Percent of U.S. in 2009)**

	Annual average growth					GDP per person employed, % of U.S., 2009
	1995-2005	2005-2009	2007	2008	2009 (estimate)	
<b>Eastern Europe and Central Asia</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>-3.1</b>	<b>33.0%</b>
Albania	7.4	4.6	6.1	6.5	0.5	24.6%
Armenia	11.4	6.6	13.6	7.2	-7.3	21.1
Azerbaijan	12.3	15.0	21.6	9.2	2.8	0.0
Belarus	6.8	4.7	6.5	7.0	-3.1	31.1
Bosnia Herzegovina	12.1	0.5	0.5	1.3	-6.3	25.6
Bulgaria	2.2	1.5	3.2	2.6	-2.5	25.3
Croatia	2.8	1.2	1.9	1.3	-3.5	52.3
Czech Republic	2.9	1.9	3.3	1.3	-1.6	53.4
Estonia	7.5	1.3	6.2	-3.8	-1.4	45.7
Georgia	6.7	8.8	14.1	8.2	4.2	18.3
Hungary	2.6	1.1	1.1	1.9	-2.0	50.5
Kazakhstan	5.1	3.0	5.5	0.3	-1.9	26.9
Kyrgyz Republic	2.2	2.9	5.5	4.6	-0.7	7.3
Latvia	6.0	1.4	6.0	-5.4	-2.0	36.6
Lithuania	6.1	2.4	6.6	3.2	-6.1	43.7
Macedonia	2.2	1.2	1.5	1.7	0.8	38.8
Moldova	4.4	3.8	3.8	6.6	-4.8	11.9
Poland	4.6	1.9	2.2	1.1	1.6	48.4
Romania	4.9	3.9	5.8	5.8	-2.9	30.5
Russian Federation	3.7	3.7	7.0	4.7	-3.8	37.1
Serbia Montenegro	0.3	1.0	0.9	5.0	-3.4	1.6
Slovak Republic	4.2	3.5	7.4	3.3	-2.4	57.2
Slovenia	3.9	1.3	3.6	0.7	-3.1	62.5
Tajikistan	2.6	8.0	6.9	13.3	6.5	10.6
Ukraine	4.3	2.2	7.7	2.3	-8.0	19.0
<b>North America (NAFTA)</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.9</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>85.2%</b>
Canada	1.3	-0.4	0.2	-1.1	-1.5	80.2%
Mexico	1.4	0.5	1.6	-0.9	-0.3	38.9
United States	2.1	0.9	1.0	0.9	1.0	100.0
<b>Latin America</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>2.5</b>	<b>4.0</b>	<b>3.7</b>	<b>-0.2</b>	<b>24.1%</b>
Argentina	1.2	3.6	7.6	5.0	-2.1	38.6%
Bolivia	-0.1	0.7	1.5	2.6	-2.4	11.7
Brazil	0.3	2.6	3.5	4.0	1.5	21.2
Chile	1.7	-0.8	2.6	1.1	-3.0	33.5
Colombia	-0.1	2.8	4.4	-0.1	-3.1	23.4
Ecuador	0.3	1.8	2.4	5.5	-1.0	20.3
Peru	1.6	1.1	0.7	7.0	-1.7	22.9
Uruguay	2.3	-3.3	2.4	6.1	-4.6	28.2
Venezuela	0.1	2.7	5.2	1.9	-3.0	32.1

Table 9 (continued)

**Growth and Level of Labor Productivity (GDP per Person Employed), 1995-2009**  
**(Annual Average Growth, 1995-2009, and Level as Percent of U.S. in 2009)**

	<i>Annual average growth</i>					<i>GDP per person employed, % of U.S., 2009</i>
	<i>1995-2005</i>	<i>2005-2009</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009 (estimate)</i>	
<b>Africa</b>	<b>1.7</b>	<b>2.6</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>2.8</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>6.6%</b>
Angola	4.8	8.6	14.9	8.8	-3.2	11.7%
Burkina Faso	2.9	1.8	0.9	2.2	1.7	2.8
Cameroon	1.4	1.3	2.0	1.6	0.8	6.2
Côte d'Ivoire	-0.8	0.0	-0.8	-0.1	2.1	4.4
DR Congo	-2.5	2.0	3.0	2.9	0.2	0.9
Egypt	1.8	3.6	3.7	3.8	2.6	18.6
Ethiopia	1.0	6.0	6.2	6.4	4.4	1.7
Ghana	1.8	3.4	2.6	4.1	2.6	3.6
Kenya	-0.3	1.8	4.2	-1.0	0.4	3.6
Madagascar	-0.5	2.1	4.2	4.9	-2.4	2.3
Malawi	0.8	5.0	5.4	6.4	4.2	2.0
Mali	2.0	1.5	0.8	1.6	1.6	4.9
Morocco	2.2	4.2	1.7	4.5	5.1	13.3
Mozambique	6.4	4.9	5.0	4.8	3.4	2.0
Niger	0.7	2.0	0.5	6.3	-1.5	2.2
Nigeria	4.1	3.1	4.3	3.4	1.1	7.3
Senegal	1.5	-0.2	1.5	-0.7	-1.2	4.4
South Africa	0.8	0.7	2.8	0.9	-4.9	27.2
Sudan	2.8	4.6	6.0	3.0	1.2	0.1
Tanzania	2.8	3.8	4.0	4.3	3.1	2.7
Tunisia	2.7	2.8	4.1	2.5	1.6	23.3
Uganda	3.3	5.3	4.5	5.1	4.7	3.0
Zambia	1.4	3.2	3.4	2.9	2.8	4.2
Zimbabwe	-3.3	-6.1	-7.2	-15.2	4.5	0.0
<b>Middle East</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>2.2</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>-0.5</b>	<b>36.3%</b>
Bahrain	2.1	4.7	6.2	4.6	3.1	78.6%
Iran	0.7	1.4	4.4	-0.7	-1.0	31.4
Iraq	3.4	4.0	-2.1	5.8	10.0	15.9
Israel	0.8	2.1	4.2	3.0	-1.0	74.8
Jordan	1.7	3.5	5.1	4.2	0.9	22.8
Kuwait	0.1	0.8	-0.1	3.4	-2.5	78.6
Oman	1.1	3.6	4.1	4.1	2.5	72.7
Qatar	3.0	0.9	0.0	0.9	1.5	113.3
Saudi Arabia	-0.3	-0.5	-0.1	1.0	-2.9	69.7
Syria	-1.0	0.1	-0.2	0.7	0.0	15.5
Yemen	0.6	0.3	-0.3	0.0	2.4	11.5

Table 9 (continued)

**Growth and Level of Labor Productivity (GDP per Person Employed), 1995-2009  
(Annual Average Growth, 1995-2009, and Level as Percent of U.S. in 2009)**

	<i>Annual average growth</i>					<i>GDP per person employed, % of U.S., 2009</i>
	<i>1995-2005</i>	<i>2005-2009</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009 (estimate)</i>	
<b>East Asia and the Pacific</b>	<b>3.3</b>	<b>4.7</b>	<b>6.7</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>19.6%</b>
Australia	1.8	0.6	0.8	0.2	0.4	84.5%
Cambodia	3.6	5.5	7.2	5.0	2.0	3.2
China	6.7	9.6	11.5	8.6	8.2	14.6
Hong Kong	2.0	1.7	3.8	1.5	-3.3	90.5
Indonesia	1.5	2.1	3.6	1.0	-0.3	9.9
Japan	1.6	0.1	1.9	-0.6	-2.5	69.7
Malaysia	2.4	2.2	3.5	3.4	-1.4	38.0
New Zealand	0.8	-0.4	2.0	-3.5	0.3	73.3
Philippines	1.8	2.8	4.7	2.0	0.8	10.7
Singapore	2.3	-5.2	2.6	-7.2	-14.2	75.0
South Korea	3.2	1.6	3.7	1.6	-2.5	59.0
Taiwan	3.5	0.5	3.8	-1.0	-4.0	72.6
Thailand	1.4	0.7	3.2	0.5	-4.8	15.5
Vietnam	4.5	5.2	6.1	4.4	4.3	6.5
<b>South Asia</b>	<b>3.8</b>	<b>4.8</b>	<b>5.9</b>	<b>3.9</b>	<b>3.6</b>	<b>8.1%</b>
Bangladesh	2.6	4.6	4.4	4.2	5.4	5.4%
India	4.2	5.2	6.2	4.0	3.9	8.0
Pakistan	1.6	1.3	5.1	2.8	0.8	9.8
Sri Lanka	1.0	7.1	7.5	4.0	4.0	15.3

Note: Gross domestic product levels are expressed in 2009 US\$, converted by Purchasing Power Parities.

Note: World labor productivity growth is based on labor productivity of the 111 countries included.

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 10

**Sources of Output Growth**

	World				Advanced				Emerging			
	95-05	05-08	2007	2008	95-05	05-08	2007	2008	95-05	05-08	2007	2008
GDP Growth	3.6	4.4	5.1	3.1	2.7	2.0	2.7	0.5	4.9	7.3	8.1	6.1
<b>Contribution of:</b>												
Labor	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.8	-0.1	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8
Labor Quality	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2
Non-ICT Capital	1.6	2.2	2.2	2.3	1.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.4	3.9	3.9	4.0
ICT Capital	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.5	0.1	0.1	0.1
TFP Growth	0.6	1.2	1.9	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.7	-0.7	1.0	2.4	3.1	1.0

  

	United States				Japan				Euro Area			
	95-05	05-08	2007	2008	95-05	05-08	2007	2008	95-05	05-08	2007	2008
GDP Growth	3.3	1.7	2.1	0.4	1.1	1.2	2.4	-0.7	2.2	2.1	2.7	0.6
<b>Contribution of:</b>												
Labor	0.6	0.4	0.5	-0.6	-0.6	0.1	0.3	-0.4	0.5	0.7	1.1	0.3
Labor Quality	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2
Non-ICT Capital	1.4	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.0	0.8	0.8	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0
ICT Capital	0.5	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.5	0.0	-0.1	0.0	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.1
TFP Growth	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.0	-0.1	0.1	1.2	-1.3	0.3	0.2	0.5	-0.9

  

	China				India				Brazil			
	95-05	05-08	2007	2008	95-05	05-08	2007	2008	95-05	05-08	2007	2008
GDP Growth	7.8	10.8	12.2	9.2	6.3	8.1	8.6	6.5	2.4	5.1	5.5	5.7
<b>Contribution of:</b>												
Labor	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.7
Labor Quality	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2
Non-ICT Capital	5.6	7.4	7.4	7.3	4.2	6.1	6.3	6.2	1.3	1.8	1.8	2.2
ICT Capital	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	1.1	0.1	0.1	0.1
TFP Growth	1.2	2.9	4.3	1.4	1.1	1.0	1.4	-0.7	-1.2	2.1	2.7	2.6

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

Note: Growth rates for 1995-2005 and 2005-2008 are the averages of yearly growth rates.

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 11

**Total Factor Productivity Growth by Major Region, 1995-2008**

	1995-2005	2005-2008	2007	2008
United States	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.0
EU-15	0.3	0.2	0.5	-1.0
Japan	-0.1	0.1	1.2	-1.3
Other Advanced*	0.7	0.5	1.6	-0.8
<b>Advanced Countries</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>-0.7</b>
China	1.2	2.9	4.3	1.4
India	1.1	1.0	1.4	-0.7
Other developing Asia	0.3	1.9	2.7	0.9
Latin America	-0.4	1.4	2.0	0.5
Middle East	0.8	1.0	1.5	0.1
Africa	1.1	2.1	2.1	1.2
Central & Eastern Europe	1.6	0.9	1.2	-1.3
Russia and other CIS**	4.2	5.9	6.8	4.0
<b>Emerging Market and Developing Countries</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>2.4</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>1.0</b>
<b>World</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<b>Addenda:</b>				
EU-12	2.1	1.9	2.1	0.1
EU-27	0.5	0.4	0.7	-0.9
Euro Area	0.3	0.2	0.5	-0.9
OECD	0.4	0.2	0.7	-1.2

Note: This table is based on estimates for 104 countries (see table 12).

Note: Total Factor Productivity Growth measures the growth of GDP over the combined contributions of total hours, workforce skills, machinery and structures, and IT capital.

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

Note: Averages of yearly growth rates are shown for 1995–2005 and 2005–2008.

\*Other Advanced includes Canada; Switzerland; Norway; Israel; Iceland; Cyprus; Korea; Australia; Taiwan, Province of China; Hong Kong; Singapore; and New Zealand.

\*\*CIS: Commonwealth of Independent States

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010

Table 12

**Total Factor Productivity Growth, All Countries, 1995-2008**

	1995-2005	2005-2008	2007	2008
<b>World</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>1.2</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>0.1</b>
<b>Northern and Western Europe</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>-1.0</b>
Austria	0.2	0.3	0.9	-1.1
Belgium	0.3	-0.3	0.7	-1.9
Denmark	-0.3	-1.5	-1.9	-3.3
Finland	1.6	1.1	1.7	-1.4
France	0.4	-0.1	-0.6	-0.9
Germany	0.8	0.7	0.6	-0.7
Iceland	2.7	-0.5	-0.1	-0.2
Ireland	1.8	-1.4	0.8	-4.9
Luxembourg	1.3	-0.1	1.9	-4.4
Netherlands	0.4	1.0	1.4	0.2
Norway	0.2	-1.8	-1.6	-2.0
Sweden	1.1	-0.4	-0.7	-2.6
Switzerland	-0.1	0.8	1.4	-0.9
United Kingdom	0.5	0.6	1.2	-0.5
<b>Southern Europe</b>	<b>-0.1</b>	<b>-0.3</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-1.7</b>
Cyprus	1.1	0.8	1.5	0.2
Greece	1.4	1.0	2.8	0.1
Italy	-0.3	-0.4	-0.1	-1.3
Malta	0.4	0.8	0.1	-0.3
Portugal	0.0	0.1	2.0	-2.0
Spain	-0.6	-0.4	0.1	-1.0
Turkey	0.0	-1.5	-1.0	-4.2
<b>Eastern Europe and Central Asia</b>	<b>3.1</b>	<b>4.2</b>	<b>4.9</b>	<b>2.3</b>
Albania	1.9	2.6	2.7	3.1
Armenia	6.1	3.6	5.6	-0.1
Azerbaijan	10.8	16.5	18.8	7.1
Belarus	4.4	-0.4	-1.5	-0.7
Bosnia Herzegovina	3.9	-1.9	-2.4	-3.3
Bulgaria	-0.2	0.9	0.8	0.3
Croatia	1.7	1.2	1.0	-0.4
Czech Republic	1.2	2.5	3.4	-0.1
Estonia	6.0	1.0	3.7	-5.1
Georgia	5.1	6.9	10.7	3.2
Hungary	1.4	0.6	-0.3	-0.1
Kazakhstan	5.1	0.2	0.9	-3.6
Latvia	1.3	-1.7	1.7	-8.6
Lithuania	3.2	1.9	3.2	-1.2
Moldova	4.2	4.0	1.4	4.5
Poland	2.9	2.0	2.0	0.3
Romania	2.2	2.1	1.3	0.9
Russian Federation	4.3	6.8	7.6	5.1
Slovak Republic	3.4	4.6	6.3	2.7
Slovenia	0.0	0.6	1.4	-1.5
Tajikistan	6.4	4.9	3.5	7.0
Ukraine	3.4	6.0	8.3	2.7

Table 12 (continued)

**Total Factor Productivity Growth, All Countries, 1995-2008**

	1995-2005	2005-2008	2007	2008
<b>North America (NAFTA)</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.3</b>	<b>-0.5</b>
Canada	0.7	-0.9	-0.6	-1.8
Mexico	0.2	-0.3	0.2	-2.6
United States	0.6	0.1	0.5	0.0
<b>Latin America</b>	<b>0.7</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.8</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Argentina	1.2	3.9	5.2	2.9
Bolivia	-0.4	2.4	2.1	2.9
Brazil	-1.2	2.1	2.7	2.6
Chile	-1.5	-1.1	0.6	-0.3
Colombia	-1.2	1.7	2.5	-2.6
Ecuador	0.4	1.3	0.4	3.7
Peru	1.1	2.5	2.0	4.5
Uruguay	1.6	0.2	2.6	5.3
Venezuela	-1.3	2.6	3.2	-0.1
<b>Africa</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>2.1</b>	<b>1.2</b>
Burkina Faso	2.5	0.7	-0.6	0.3
Cameroon	1.0	0.3	0.9	-0.4
Côte d'Ivoire	-0.8	-0.7	-0.5	-0.3
Egypt	1.3	2.3	1.9	2.3
Ethiopia	-0.9	2.7	1.8	3.3
Kenya	-0.4	1.2	3.0	-2.1
Madagascar	0.5	1.8	2.2	2.0
Malawi	0.9	4.0	4.1	5.0
Mali	2.0	0.8	0.2	0.8
Morocco	1.6	1.8	-0.6	1.8
Mozambique	3.7	2.6	2.5	1.4
Niger	0.3	0.7	-2.0	4.0
Nigeria	4.2	2.4	2.6	1.2
Senegal	-0.9	-2.5	-1.1	-3.1
South Africa	-1.1	-0.3	0.1	-2.2
Sudan	3.2	6.1	6.6	3.4
Tunisia	2.2	2.7	3.5	1.8
Uganda	1.1	2.8	1.9	2.2
Zambia	2.3	0.7	0.5	0.1
Zimbabwe	-3.5	-9.2	-7.0	-14.7
<b>Middle East</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>1.0</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.1</b>
Bahrain	1.0	0.1	0.8	-0.8
Iran	1.1	2.0	4.3	-0.8
Iraq	4.7	3.6	-0.1	6.5
Israel	0.1	2.7	3.5	2.0
Jordan	2.1	3.6	4.2	3.2
Kuwait	2.6	0.8	-1.4	1.7
Oman	0.2	0.3	-0.3	1.0
Qatar	2.7	1.5	1.1	1.4
Saudi Arabia	0.2	-1.3	-1.8	-1.1
Syria	-0.6	-0.2	-0.3	0.1
Yemen	-0.6	-0.3	-0.2	0.1

Table 12 (continued)

**Total Factor Productivity Growth, All Countries, 1995-2008**

	1995-2005	2005-2008	2007	2008
<b>East Asia and the Pacific</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>2.0</b>	<b>3.2</b>	<b>0.5</b>
Australia	0.1	-1.5	-1.0	-2.4
Cambodia	5.0	4.6	5.3	2.5
China	1.2	2.9	4.3	1.4
Hong Kong	-0.5	2.2	2.9	0.0
Indonesia	0.2	2.5	3.1	1.4
Japan	-0.1	0.1	1.2	-1.3
Malaysia	0.1	2.1	2.4	1.5
New Zealand	-0.2	-1.8	1.4	-5.4
Philippines	1.2	3.1	4.4	1.6
Singapore	0.6	0.5	3.9	-4.9
South Korea	2.1	2.9	4.0	2.2
Taiwan	0.4	1.5	4.6	-1.0
Thailand	0.1	1.2	1.9	-0.5
Vietnam	-0.7	1.0	1.5	-0.3
<b>South Asia</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.1</b>	<b>1.6</b>	<b>-0.3</b>
Bangladesh	-0.3	1.2	1.3	1.1
India	1.1	1.0	1.4	-0.7
Pakistan	1.1	0.5	2.7	0.7
Sri Lanka	0.0	4.7	4.3	2.1

Note: Total Factor Productivity Growth measures the growth of GDP over the combined contributions of total hours, workforce skills, machinery and structures and IT capital.

Note: Growth rates are based on the difference in the log of the levels of each variable.

Note: Averages of yearly growth rates are shown for 1995-2005 and 2005-2008.

Source: The Conference Board Total Economy Database, January 2010